1	OPEN AND PUBLIC MEETINGS ACT MODIFICATIONS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Douglas R. Welton
5	Senate Sponsor: Daniel W. Thatcher
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes changes to the Open and Public Meetings Act related to electronic
10	meetings.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 requires a public body to establish how a quorum is calculated for electronic
14	meetings;
15	 provides that the Legislature may establish by legislative rule the procedure for
16	providing members of a legislative public body with information regarding how to
17	connect to an electronic meeting;
18	 prohibits a public body from permitting a member to vote or take other action by
19	proxy during an electronic meeting unless the body adopts a resolution, rule, or
20	ordinance allowing a member to act by proxy;
21	requires all non-unanimous votes during an electronic meeting to be taken by roll
22	call; and
23	makes technical changes.
24	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
25	None



O ₁	ther Special Clauses:
	None
U1	cah Code Sections Affected:
Al	MENDS:
	52-4-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 242
Ве	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 52-4-207 is amended to read:
	52-4-207. Electronic meetings Authorization Requirements.
	(1) Except as otherwise provided for a charter school in Section 52-4-209, a public
bo	dy may convene and conduct an electronic meeting in accordance with this section.
	(2) (a) A public body may not hold an electronic meeting unless the public body has
ad	opted a resolution, rule, or ordinance governing the use of electronic meetings.
	(b) A resolution, rule, or ordinance described in Subsection (2)(a) that governs an
ele	ectronic meeting held after December 31, 2022, shall establish the conditions under which a
rei	note member is included in calculating a quorum.
	$[\underline{(b)}]$ $\underline{(c)}$ $[\underline{The}]$ \underline{A} resolution, rule, or ordinance <u>described in Subsection (2)(a)</u> may:
	(i) prohibit or limit electronic meetings based on budget, public policy, or logistical
co	nsiderations;
	(ii) require a quorum of the public body to:
	(A) be present at a single anchor location for the meeting; and
	(B) vote to approve establishment of an electronic meeting in order to include other
me	embers of the public body through an electronic connection;
	(iii) require a request for an electronic meeting to be made by a member of a public
bo	dy up to three days prior to the meeting to allow for arrangements to be made for the
ele	ectronic meeting;
	(iv) restrict the number of separate connections for members of the public body that are
all	owed for an electronic meeting based on available equipment capability; [or]
	(v) if the public body is statutorily authorized to allow a member of the public body to
ac	t by proxy, establish the conditions under which a member may vote or take other action by
pr	oxy; or

5/	$\left[\frac{(v)}{(v)}\right]$ establish other procedures, limitations, or conditions governing electronic
58	meetings not in conflict with this section.
59	[(3) A public body that convenes or conducts an electronic meeting shall:]
60	[(a) give public notice of the meeting:]
61	[(i) in accordance with Section 52-4-202; and]
62	[(ii) except for an electronic meeting under Subsection (5)(a), post written notice at the
63	anchor location; and]
64	[(b) in addition to giving public notice required by Subsection (3)(a), provide:]
65	[(i) notice of the electronic meeting to the members of the public body at least 24 hours
66	before the meeting so that they may participate in and be counted as present for all purposes,
67	including the determination that a quorum is present; and]
68	[(ii) a description of how the members will be connected to the electronic meeting.]
69	(3) A public body that convenes and conducts an electronic meeting shall:
70	(a) give public notice of the meeting in accordance with Section 52-4-202;
71	(b) except for an electronic meeting described in Subsection (5), post written notice of
72	the meeting at the anchor location; and
73	(c) except as otherwise provided in legislative rule, at least 24 hours before the
74	electronic meeting is scheduled to begin, provide each member of the public body a description
75	of how to electronically connect to the meeting.
76	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a public body that convenes and conducts
77	an electronic meeting shall provide space and facilities at an anchor location for members of
78	the public to attend the open portions of the meeting.
79	(b) A public body that convenes and conducts an electronic meeting may provide
80	means by which members of the public who are not physically present at the anchor location
81	may attend the meeting remotely by electronic means.
82	(5) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to an electronic meeting if:
83	(a) (i) the chair of the public body determines that:
84	(A) conducting the meeting as provided in Subsection (4)(a) presents a substantial risk
85	to the health or safety of those present or who would otherwise be present at the anchor
86	location; or
87	(B) the location where the public body would normally meet has been ordered closed

meeting shall take all votes by roll call.

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88	to the public for health or safety reasons; and
89	(ii) the public notice for the meeting includes:
90	(A) a statement describing the chair's determination under Subsection (5)(a)(i);
91	(B) a summary of the facts upon which the chair's determination is based; and
92	(C) information on how a member of the public may attend the meeting remotely by
93	electronic means; or
94	(b) (i) during the course of the electronic meeting, the chair:
95	(A) determines that continuing to conduct the electronic meeting as provided in
96	Subsection (4)(a) presents a substantial risk to the health or safety of those present at the
97	anchor location; and
98	(B) announces during the electronic meeting the chair's determination under Subsection
99	(5)(b)(i)(A) and states a summary of the facts upon which the determination is made; and
100	(ii) in convening the electronic meeting, the public body has provided means by which
101	members of the public who are not physically present at the anchor location may attend the
102	electronic meeting remotely by electronic means.
103	(6) A determination under Subsection (5)(a)(i) expires 30 days after the day on which
104	the chair of the public body makes the determination.
105	(7) Compliance with the provisions of this section by a public body constitutes full and
106	complete compliance by the public body with the corresponding provisions of Sections
107	52-4-201 and 52-4-202.
108	(8) Unless a public body adopts a resolution, rule, or ordinance described in Subsection
109	(2)(c)(v), a public body that is conducting an electronic meeting may not allow a member to
110	vote or otherwise act by proxy.
111	(9) Except for a unanimous vote, a public body that is conducting an electronic